

Montana Content Chart

	Standards	Grade
	<p>Standard 1-Students engage in the mathematical processes of problem solving and reasoning, estimation, communication, connections and applications, and using appropriate technology.</p>	<p>1. Solve problems from many contexts using a variety of representations (e.g., estimate, make a table, look for a pattern, etc.) to solve a problem). Explain the methods for solving a problem. [TE - 2.4.1; 5.4.1]. LM - 1.4.1; 2.4.2. [WP - 5.4.1].</p> <p>2. Apply estimation strategies throughout the problem-solving process. WP - 5.4.1.</p> <p>3. Communicate mathematical ideas in a variety of ways (written, verbal, concrete, pictorial, graphic, etc.). [3.4.1; 3.4.2]. WR - 1.4.1; 1.4.2; 1.4.3; 1.4.4; 2.4.4; [6.4.1; 6.4.3].</p>

Content Standards Part for Mathematics

Grade 4	Grade 8	
<p>contexts using a variety of strategies look for a pattern, and simplify the for solving these problems. 2.4.2. [WR - 6.4.1; 6.4.3].</p> <p>throughout the problem-solving</p> <p>ideas in a variety of ways (e.g., ial, graphical, algebraic). SL - 2.4.3; ; 1.4.3; 1.4.4; 2.4.1; 2.4.2; 2.4.3;</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Formulate and solve multi-step and nonroutine problems using a variety of strategies. Generalize methods to new problem situations. LM - 1.8.1. [WR - 6.8.1; 6.8.3].2. Select and apply appropriate estimation strategies throughout the problem-solving process.3. Interpret and communicate mathematical ideas and logical arguments using correct mathematical terms and notations. RE - 2.8.6; 4.8.3. [SL - 3.8.1; 3.8.2]. WR - 1.8.1; 1.8.2; 1.8.3; 1.8.4; 2.8.1; 2.8.2; 2.8.3; 2.8.4; [6.8.1; 6.8.3].4. Recognize and investigate the relevance and usefulness of mathematics through applications, both in and out of school. RE - 1.8.2	<p>1 m H 2 th 3 ti R W 6</p>

Mathematics Integration

Upon Graduation

1. Recognize and formulate problems from situations within and outside mathematics and apply solution strategies to those problems. **TE** - 2.12.1. HE - 5.12.1; 5.12.2. **LM** - 1.12.1. **SC** - 1.12.1. [**WR** - 6.12.1; 6.12.3].
2. Select, apply, and evaluate appropriate estimation strategies throughout the problem-solving process.
3. Formulate definitions, make and justify inferences, express generalizations, and communicate mathematical ideas and relationships. **LM** - 1.12.3. RE - 1.12.1; 2.12.6. **SL** - 2.12.3; [3.12.1; 3.12.2]. **WP** - 3.12.1. **WR** - 1.12.1; 1.12.2; 1.12.3; 1.12.4; 2.12.1; 2.12.2; 2.12.3; 2.12.4; [6.12.1; 6.12.3].
4. Apply and translate among different representations of the same problem

Mathematics

	<p>3. Communicate mathematical ideas in a variety of ways, including written, verbal, concrete, pictorial, graphic, and technological. 3.4.1; [3.4.2]. WR - 1.4.1; 1.4.2; 1.4.3; 1.4.4; 2.4.4; [6.4.1; 6.4.3].</p> <p>4. Recognize and investigate the relevance of mathematics through applications, both in and out of the classroom.</p> <p>5. Select and use appropriate technology to support mathematical understanding. Appropriate technology may be limited to, paper and pencil, calculator, and computer. 3.4.1. LM - 4.4.1. WP - 5.4.1; 5.4.3.</p>
Standard 2-Students demonstrate understanding of and an ability to use numbers and operations.	<p>1. Exhibit connections between the concrete and abstract representation of a problem or concept.</p> <p>2. Use the number system by counting, grouping, and understanding value concepts. [WP - 1.4.2].</p> <p>3. Model, explain, and use basic facts, the addition and subtraction of whole numbers, and mental computation.</p> <p>4. Model and explain multiplication and division.</p> <p>5. Model and explain part/whole relationships.</p>
Standard 3-Students use algebraic concepts, processes, and language to model and solve a variety of real-world and mathematical problems.	<p>1. Use symbols (e.g., boxes or letters) to represent unknown quantities in situations.</p> <p>2. Explore the use of variables and open sentences to represent relationships (e.g., missing addend).</p> <p>3. Use inverse operations and other strategies to solve problems.</p>
Standard 4-Students demonstrate understanding of shape and an ability to use geometry.	<p>1. Describe, model, and classify two- and three-dimensional shapes. AR - 2.4.1 (VA).</p> <p>2. Investigate and predict results of combinations of shapes and changing shapes.</p> <p>3. Identify lines of symmetry, congruent angles, and parallel positional relationships. HE - 2.4.1.</p>

<p>ideas in a variety of ways (e.g., verbal, graphical, algebraic). SL - 2.4.3; 1.4.3; 1.4.4; 2.4.1; 2.4.2; 2.4.3;</p> <p>the relevance and usefulness of mathematics both in and out of school. RE - 1.4.2</p> <p>technology to enhance mathematical understanding. Appropriate technology may include, but is not limited to, paper and pencil, calculator, computer, and data collection devices. TE - 2.8.2; 2.8.3; [5.8.1]. LM - 4.8.1.</p>	<p>[SL - 3.8.1; 3.8.2]. WR - 1.8.1; 1.8.2; 1.8.3; 1.8.4; 2.8.1; 2.8.2; 2.8.3; 2.8.4; [6.8.1; 6.8.3].</p> <p>4. Recognize and investigate the relevance and usefulness of mathematics through applications, both in and out of school. RE - 1.8.2.</p> <p>5. Select and use appropriate technology to enhance mathematical understanding. Appropriate technology may include, but is not limited to, paper and pencil, calculator, computer, and data collection devices. TE - 2.8.2; 2.8.3; [5.8.1]. LM - 4.8.1.</p>	<p>R</p> <p>W</p> <p>6</p> <p>4</p> <p>si</p> <p>pr</p> <p>R</p> <p>5</p> <p>st</p> <p>ar</p> <p>T</p>
<p>the concrete and symbolic representations of numbers and operations. Counting, grouping and applying place value. Understanding the relationships between multiplication and division of whole numbers. Understanding the relationships in everyday situations.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Use the four basic operations with whole numbers, fractions, decimals, and integers. [WP - 1.8.2]. 2. Use mental mathematics and number sense in using order of operations, and order relations for whole numbers, fractions, decimals, and integers. 3. Use the relationships and applications of ratio, proportion, percent, and scientific notation. 4. Develop and apply number theory concepts (e.g., primes, factors and multiples) in real-world and mathematical problem situations. 	<p>1</p> <p>a</p> <p>2</p> <p>[</p>
<p>using letters) to represent numbers in simple situations. Using verbal rules and open sentences to express relationships. Using other strategies to solve number sense problems.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Understand the concepts of variable, expression and equation. 2. Represent situations and number patterns using tables, graphs, verbal rules, equations, and models. ML - 2.8.1; 3.8.1. 3. Recognize and use the general properties of operations (e.g., the distributive property). 4. Solve linear equations using concrete, numerical and algebraic methods. 5. Investigate inequalities and nonlinear relationships informally. 	<p>1</p> <p>2</p> <p>3</p> <p>ti</p> <p>4</p> <p>m</p> <p>5</p>
<p>Identifying two- and three-dimensional shapes. Understanding the relationships between parts of combining, subdividing, and understanding the relationships between congruent and similar shapes, and understanding the relationships between shapes.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Identify, describe, construct, and compare plane and solid geometric figures. AR - 2.8.1 (VA). 2. Understand and apply geometric properties and relationships (e.g., the Pythagorean Theorem). 3. Represent geometric figures on a coordinate grid. ML - 3.8.1. 4. Explore properties and transformations of geometric figures. 5. Use geometry as a means of describing the physical world. 	<p>1</p> <p>(</p> <p>2</p> <p>re</p> <p>3</p> <p>4</p> <p>vo</p> <p>5</p> <p>in</p>

3.4; cs r- er	<p>RE - 1.12.1; 2.12.6. SL - 2.12.3; [3.12.1; 3.12.2]. WP - 3.12.1. WR - 1.12.1; 1.12.2; 1.12.3; 1.12.4; 2.12.1; 2.12.2; 2.12.3; 2.12.4; [6.12.1; 6.12.3].</p> <p>4. Apply and translate among different representations of the same problem situation or of the same mathematical concept. Model connections between problem situations that arise in disciplines other than mathematics. RE - 1.12.2.</p> <p>5. Select and use appropriate technology to enhance mathematical understanding. Appropriate technology may include, but is not limited to, paper and pencil, calculator, computer, and data collection devices. TE - 2.12.3; [5.12.1]. LM - 2.12.4; 4.12.1. SC - 1.12.2.</p>
s, ns, ad	<p>1. Use and understand the real number system, its operations, notations, and the various subsystems. [WP - 1.12.2].</p> <p>2. Use definitions and basic operations of the complex number system. [WP - 1.12.2].</p>
ibu- ds.	<p>1. Use algebra to represent patterns of change.</p> <p>2. Use basic operations with algebraic expressions.</p> <p>3. Solve algebraic equations and inequalities: linear, quadratic, exponential, logarithmic, and power.</p> <p>4. Solve systems of algebraic equations and inequalities, including use of matrices.</p> <p>5. Use algebraic models to solve mathematical and real-world problems.</p>
e	<p>1. Construct, interpret, and draw three-dimensional objects. AR - 2.12.1 (VA).</p> <p>2. Classify figures in terms of congruence and similarity and apply these relationships.</p> <p>3. Translate between synthetic and coordinate representations.</p> <p>4. Deduce properties of figures using transformations, coordinates, and vectors in problem solving.</p> <p>5. Apply trigonometric ratios (sine, cosine and tangent) to problem situations involving triangles.</p>

Math

Standard 5-Students demonstrate understanding of measurable attributes and an ability to use measurement processes.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Estimate, measure and investigate length, area, volume, time, and temperature. 2. Develop the process of measuring and measurement, including standard units (English and metric) and nonstandard units. SC - 1.4.2. SS - 3.4.1. 3. Apply measurement skills to everyday situations. 4. Select and use appropriate tools and techniques.
Standard 6-The students demonstrate understanding of and an ability to use data analysis, probability, and statistics.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Collect, organize, and display data. [TE - 2.4.1]. ML - 1.4.1. SC - 1.4.2. 2. Construct, read, and interpret displays of data. [TE - 2.4.1]. HE - 4.4.4. ML - 1.4.1. RE - 2.4.4. 3. Formulate and solve problems that involve data. SC - 1.4.1. WP - 5.4.2; 5.4.3. 4. Demonstrate basic concepts of chance (simple probabilities).
Standard 7-Students demonstrate understanding of and an ability to use patterns, relations and functions.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Recognize, describe, extend, and create patterns. RE - 2.4.4. SC - 1.4.4. 2. Represent and describe mathematical relationships. ML - 3.4.1.

LEGEND:

This chart illustrates the “explicit” and “implicit” overlap

<p>investigate length, capacity, weight, mass, temperature.</p> <p>measuring and concepts related to units of standard units (English and metric) and [SS - 3.4.1].</p> <p>everyday situations. [SC - 1.4.2].</p> <p>tools and techniques. [TE - 2.4.3].</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Estimate, make, and use measurements to describe, compare, and/or contrast object in real-world situations. [SS - 3.8.5]. 2. Select and use appropriate units and tools to measure to a level of accuracy required in a particular setting. [SC - 1.8.2]. 3. Apply the concepts of perimeter, area, volume and capacity, weight and mass, angle measure, time, and temperature. 4. Demonstrate understanding of the structure and use of systems of measurement, including English and metric. [SC - 1.8.2]. 5. Use the concepts of rates and other derived and indirect measurements. 6. Demonstrate relationships between formulas and procedures for determining area and volume. 	<p>1</p> <p>ca</p> <p>2</p> <p>3</p> <p>4</p> <p>m</p>
<p>any data. [TE - 2.4.1]. HE - 4.4.4.</p> <p>et displays of data, including graphs. [1.4.1. RE - 2.4.4; 4.4.3. SS - 3.4.5].</p> <p>ns that involve collecting and analyzing [2; 5.4.3].</p> <p>of chance (e.g., equally likely events,</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Systematically collect, organize, and describe data. [TE - 2.8.1; 2.8.2]. HE - 4.8.4. [ML - 1.8.1. SC - 1.8.1. WR - 1.8.1; 2.8.1]. 2. Construct, read, and interpret tables, charts, and graphs. [TE - 2.8.1; 2.8.2]. HE - 1.8.1; 1.8.5; 4.8.4; 5.8.3. [ML - 3.8.1. RE - 2.8.4; 4.8.3]. 3. Draw inferences, construct, and evaluate arguments based on data analysis and measures of central tendency. HE - 4.8.4. [RE - 1.8.1; 1.8.2; 4.8.7. SC - 1.8.1]. 4. Construct sample spaces and determine the theoretical and experimental probabilities of events. 5. Make predictions based on experimental results or probabilities. [SC - 1.8.1]. 	<p>1</p> <p>2</p> <p>th</p> <p>3</p> <p>S</p> <p>4</p> <p>m</p> <p>5</p> <p>o</p> <p>6</p> <p>ar</p> <p>u</p>
<p>, and create a variety of patterns.</p> <p>mathematical and real-world relationships.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Describe, extend, analyze, and create a variety of patterns and functions. 2. Describe and represent relationships with tables, graphs, and rules. 3. Analyze functional relationships to explain how a change in one quantity results in a change in another. 4. Use patterns and functions to represent and solve problems. [RE - 2.8.4]. 5. Describe functions using graphical, numerical, physical, algebraic, and verbal models or representations. 	<p>1</p> <p>al</p> <p>2</p> <p>ne</p> <p>3</p> <p>re</p> <p>4</p> <p>5</p> <p>re</p>

“implicit” overlaps in the standards. With “explicit” overlaps, a teacher will naturally cover both standards. With “implicit” (

u- nd a- s. -	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Apply concepts of indirect measurements (e.g., using similar triangles to calculate a distance). 2. Use dimensional analysis to check reasonableness of procedures. 3. Investigate systems of derived measures (e.g., km/sec, g/cm³). 4. Apply the appropriate concepts of estimates in measurement, error in measurement, tolerance, and precision. SC - 1.12.2.
]. ly- 7. tal	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Use curve fitting to make predictions from data. 2. Apply measures of central tendency and demonstrate understanding of the concepts of variability and correlation. 3. Select an appropriate sampling method for a given statistical analysis. SS - 3.12.5. [WP - 3.12.4]. 4. Use experimental probability, theoretical probability, and simulation methods to represent and solve problems, including expected values. 5. Design a statistical experiment to study a problem and communicate the outcomes. TE - 2.12.2. 6. Describe, in general terms, the normal curve and use its properties to answer questions about sets of data that are assumed to be normally distributed.
ns. tity 4. d	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Describe functions and their inverses using graphical, numerical, physical, algebraic, and verbal mathematical models or representations. 2. Analyze the graphs of the families of polynomial, rational, power, exponential, logarithmic, and periodic functions. 3. Analyze the effect of parameter changes on the graphs of functions and relations, including translations. 4. Model real-world phenomena with a variety of functions. 5. use graphing for parametric equations, three-dimensional equations, and recursive relations.

implicit" (in brackets ex: [RE - 1.4.2]) a teacher could easily teach both

LEGEND:

This chart illustrates the “explicit” and “implicit” overlap standards with minor adjustments.

Content Code:

AR - Arts (dark pink)

HE - Health Enrichment

ML - Media Literacy (blue)

RE - Reading (blue)

TE - Technology (purple)

WP - Workplace

User Code:

MA 1.4.2 = Mathematics, Standard 1, Grade 4, Benchmark 2



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“implicit” overlaps in the standards. With “explicit” overlaps, a teacher will naturally cover both standards. With “implicit” (

Health Enhancement (black)

Reading (blue)

Workplace Competencies (yellow)

Grade 4, Benchmark 2

LM - Library Media (pink)

SC - Science (red)

WL - World Languages (lilac)

LT - Literature (blue)

SS - Social Studies (gold)

WR - Writing (blue)

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implicit” (in brackets ex: [RE - 1.4.2]) a teacher could easily teach both

e) MA - Math (green)

(gold) SL - Speaking and Listening (blue)

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